Avoiding the wrong transport

Gary Fuller King's College London

Zero 2030 – Worthing & Adur Climate Conference, 4th March 2020



MRC-PHE
Centre for Environment & Health









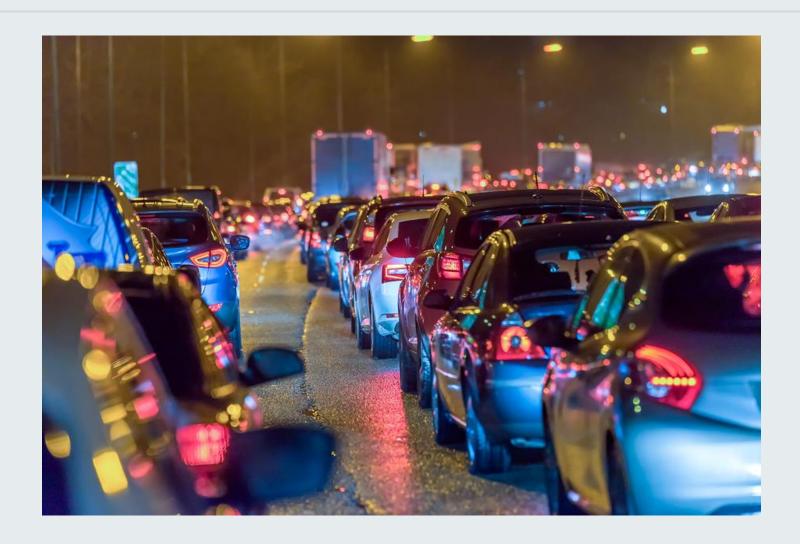


The future.....?



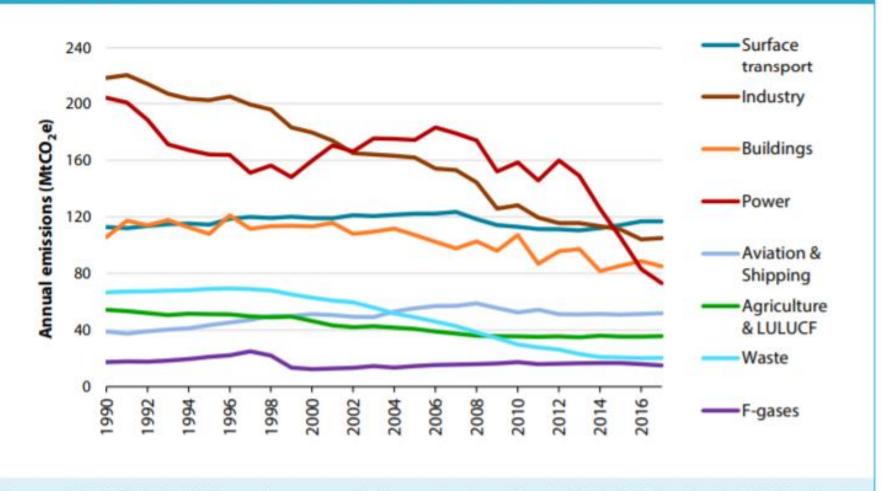






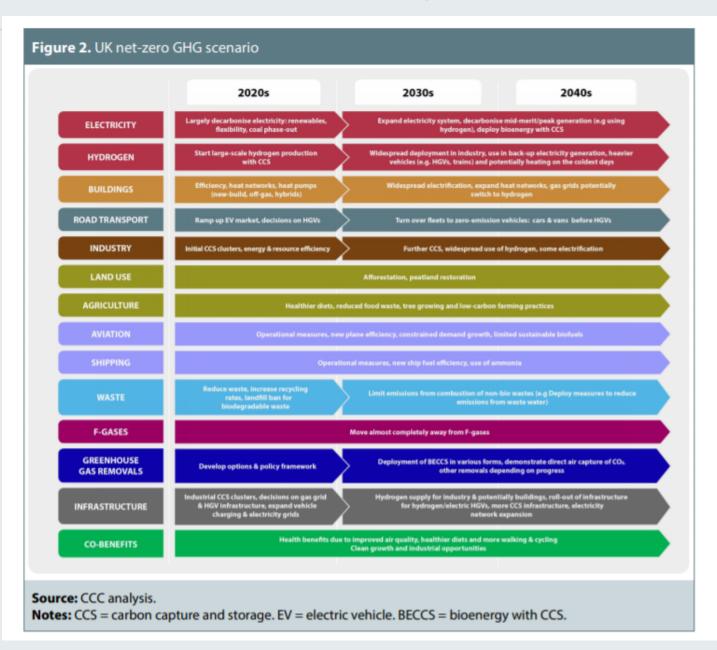
Committee for Climate Change (2019)

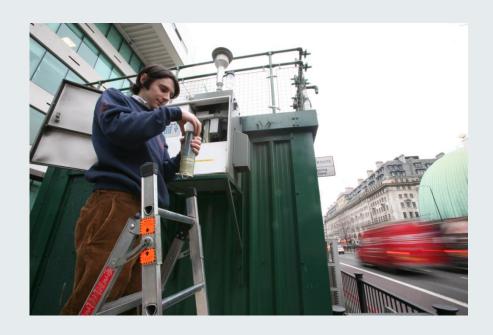




Source: BEIS (2019) Final UK greenhouse gas emissions national statistics 1990-2017; CCC analysis. LULUCF = land use, land use change and forestry.

Committee for Climate Change (2019)

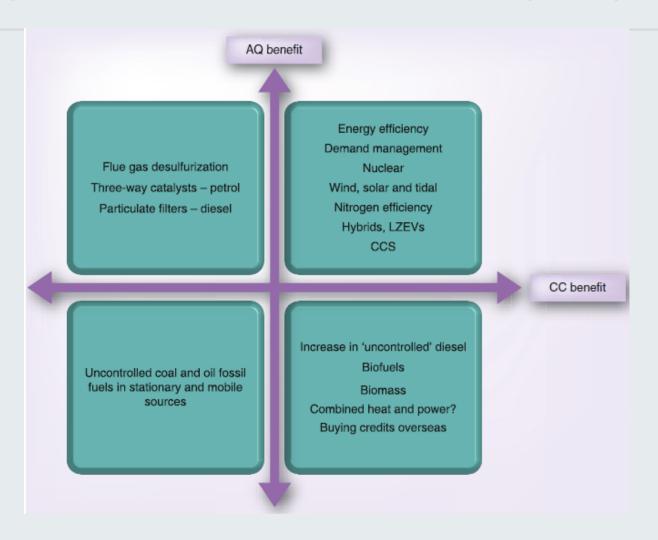






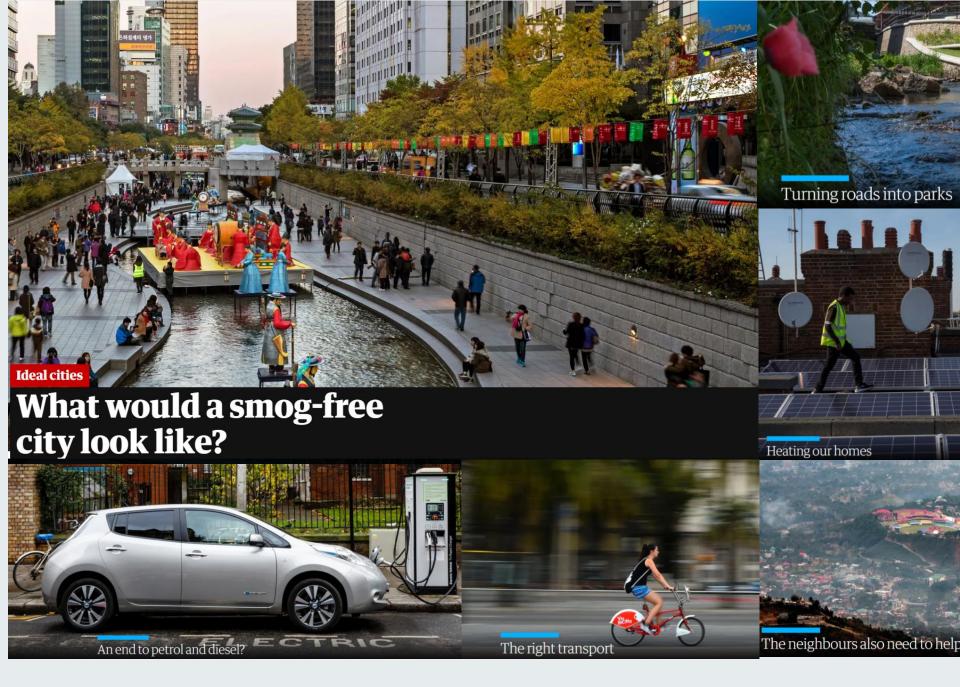


Tackling air quality and climate change together





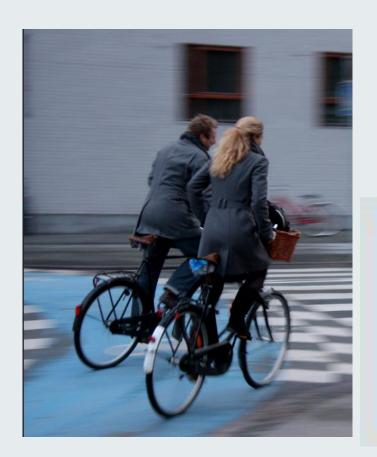






almost 2/3 are less than 5 miles 1/4 are less than 2 miles

If we all swapped 4 km of driving per day for cycling, it would save the NHS £17 billion over 20 years (Jarrett et al 2012)



Benefits too for:

- Air pollution
- Climate change emissions
- Traffic noise
- Social isolation?



260,000 UK workers studied for five years

Cyclists commuters were living longer....
Walking commuters had less heart disease...

Compared to car commuters

Celis-Morales et al 2017



Improving the health of future generations

benefit to risk ratio = 70:1!

Rojas-Rueda et al 2011 BCN photo labn Martinez, Santander bikes,



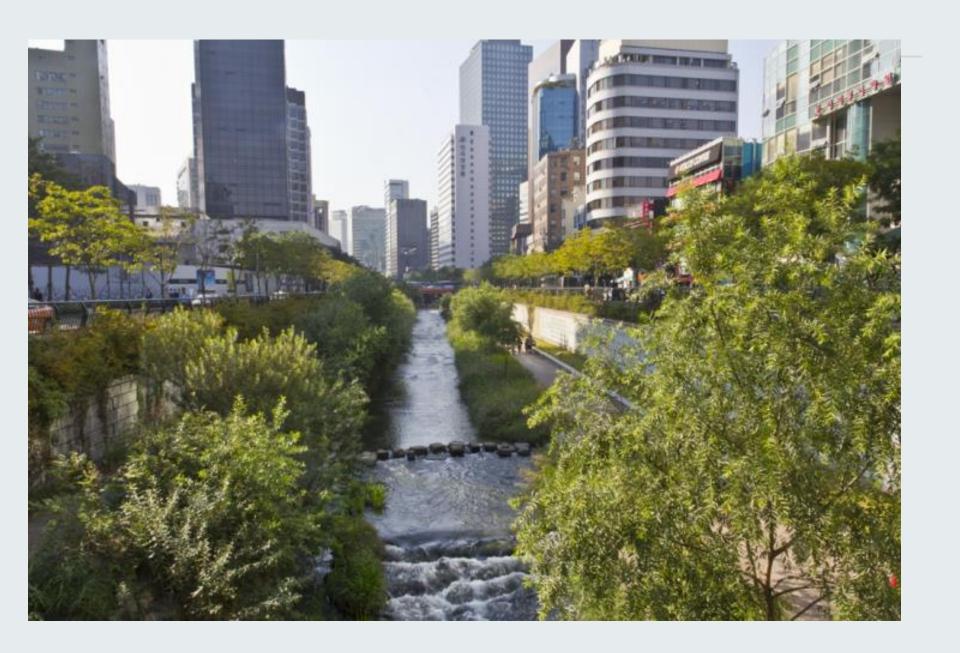




More studies have followed this and confirmed ratios of 40:1 or better







Low traffic (and low pollution) neighbourhoods



Photo London Living Streets





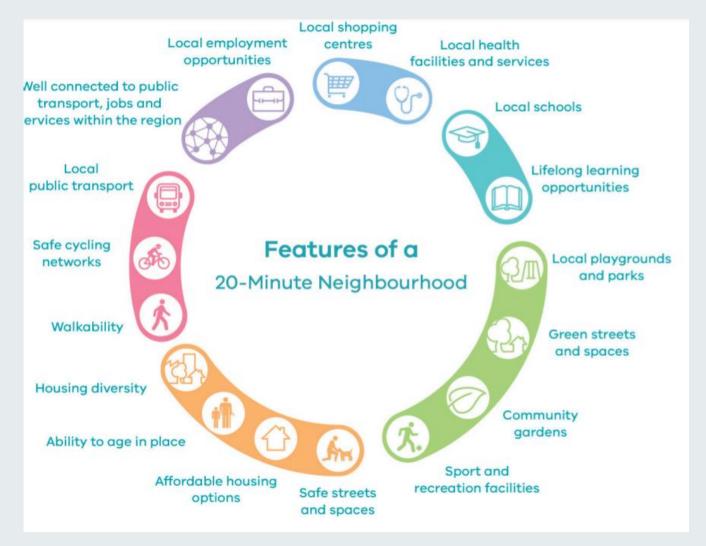






20 minute neighbourhoods





School streets







Low pollution public transport has a huge role to play



Environment Climate change Wildlife Energy Pollution

Pollutionwatch Brighton

Pollutionwatch: Brighton goes back to future to cut pollution

City that blazed a trail with electrobuses 100 years ago turns to buses with geofencing to switch from diesel to battery power











▲ One of Brighton's new Geo-Fence hybrid Japan. Photograph: Alexander Dennis.



Battery electric is not a solution for long-distance freight

Transport. We commissioned research to develop cost estimates for the refuelling infrastructure likely to be required by zero-emission heavy goods vehicles (HGVs) for three potential technology options: hydrogen HGVs; electric HGVs accompanied by on-road catenaries to recharge the vehicles as they drive; and electric HGVs accompanied by extremely fast high-powered charging infrastructure.

(CCC, 2019)

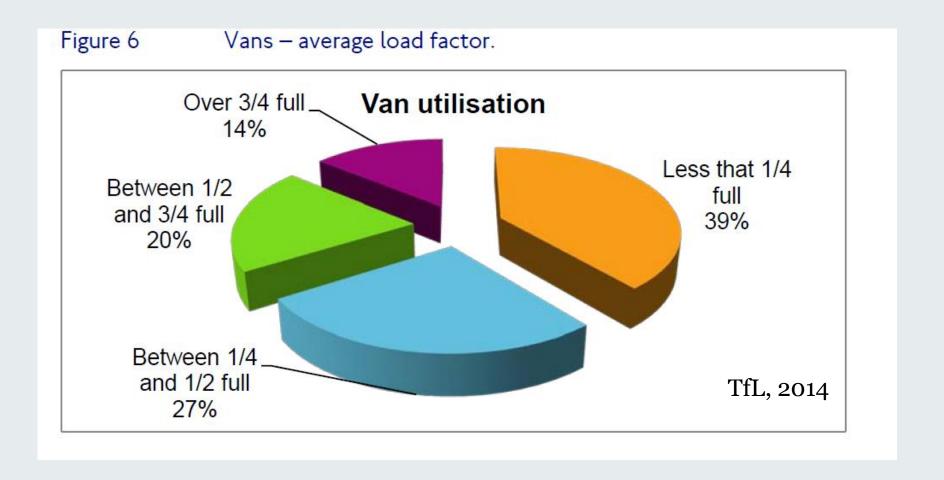


"Electric highways" in Sweden and Germany



Let's think about deliveries

- van utilisation in London



One solution is to consolidate your orders for supplies at work and think carefully before you internet shop



Stina Johansson



... and now over to you...

Contact details/for more information

Gary Fuller

gary.fuller@kcl.ac.uk

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Great Ormond Street Hospital turns the road outside from a problem to an asset – pure inspiration!

https://vimeo.com/348195177

